Candidate Name	Centre Number		Candidate Number							
						0				



## **GCSE**

MATHEMATICS - NUMERACY UNIT 1: NON - CALCULATOR HIGHER TIER

2<sup>nd</sup> SPECIMEN PAPER SUMMER 2017

**1 HOUR 45 MINUTES** 

## **ADDITIONAL MATERIALS**

The use of a calculator is not permitted in this examination.. A ruler, protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided in this booklet.

Take  $\pi$  as 3.14.

## **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

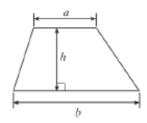
The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

The assessment will take into account the quality of your linguistic and mathematical organisation, communication and accuracy in writing in question 1.

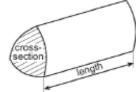
For Examiner's use only		
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	5	
2.	8	
3.	1	
4.	4	
5.	5	
6.	8	
7.	4	
8.	8	
9.	6	
10.	6	
11.	6	
12.	4	
13.	11	
14.	4	
TOTAL	80	

## Formula list - Higher tier

Area of a trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$ 



Volume of a prism = area of cross section x length



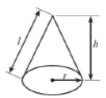
Volume of a sphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ 

Surface area of a sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 



Volume of a cone =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ 

Curved surface area of a cone =  $\pi rl$ 

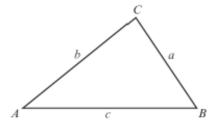


In any triangle ABC,

Sine rule: 
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine rule:  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ 

Area of triangle =  $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$ 



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of 
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
 where  $a \ne 0$  are given by  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ 

Annual Equivalent Rate (AER)

AER, as a decimal, is calculated using the formula  $\left(1+\frac{i}{n}\right)^n-1$ , where i is the nominal interest rate per annum as a decimal and n is the number of compounding periods per annum.

**1.** You will be assessed on the quality of your organisation, communication and accuracy in writing in this question.

# Ingredients to make 4 pancakes



55 g plain flour 1 egg 100 ml milk 37.5 ml water 25 g butter

## Useful information: metric and imperial units

25 ml of milk or water is approximately 1 fluid ounce

Owen works in a school kitchen.

He uses the recipe information for pancakes shown above.

He has measured out the plain flour, milk and butter and placed them with the eggs in a large bowl.

Owen measures out 150 fluid ounces of water to add to his other pancake ingredients in the bowl.

How many pancakes is Owen making?

		[3 + OCW 2]

**2.** Derek works for a company which designs and fits kitchen cupboards. Kitchen cupboards and worktops are usually measured in mm.



(a)	A rectangular worktop needs to be covered in a special varnish.  The worktop measures 3000 mm long by 700 mm wide.  Calculate the area of the top surface of the worktop in m <sup>2</sup> .	[2]
(b)	Its capacity is 420 000 cm <sup>3</sup> . Internally, the cupboard measures 60 cm wide and 70 cm deep. Calculate the internal height of the cupboard in cm.	[2]
• • • •		

(c) A kitchen worktop measures 301 cm, correct to the nearest 1 cm.

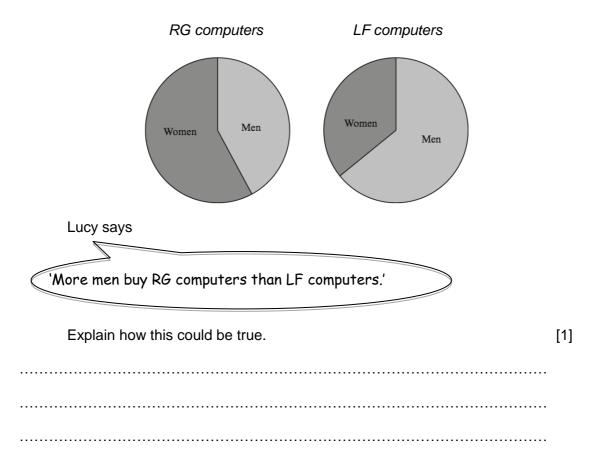


Derek needs to fit two of these worktops together along a wall measuring 605 cm, **correct to the nearest 5 cm**. Unfortunately, he finds that the worktops do not fit.

Explain why this might have happened, and state the greatest possible difference between the lengths of the wall and the two worktops.

[4]

**3.** Lucy has been given pie charts showing the number of computers sold by 2 different companies.



4. Coffee is often sold in a carton.

The height of one coffee carton is 13.4 cm.

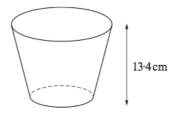


Diagram not drawn to scale

A stack of 4 empty coffee cartons is shown below.

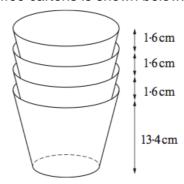


Diagram not drawn to scale

(a) What is the total height of a stack of 21 coffee cartons? Circle your answer.

[1]

32 cm

33-34 cm

33-6 cm

45-4 cm

47 cm

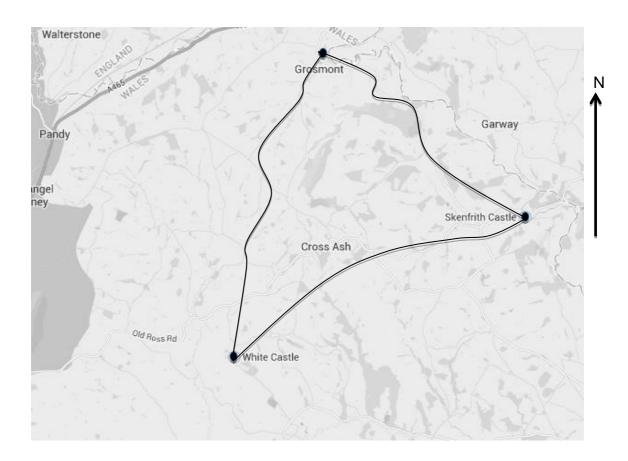
(b)	The height of a stack of $x$ coffee cartons is $61.4 \mathrm{cm}$ .
	By forming an equation, or otherwise, calculate the number of coffee cartons
	in the stack.

[3	3]

**5.** The three Welsh castles, shown below, are all within walking distance of each other.



These castles are shown on the map below. The black lines represent the **footpaths** between the castles.



(a)	<b>By road</b> , White Castle is 11 km from Skenfrith Castle. Complete the sentence below.				
	The map scale is approximately 1 cm to represent km.	[3]			
(b)	Treasure has been buried at a position <i>X</i> . <i>X</i> is the position that meets both the following criteria:				
	<ul> <li>X is equidistant from Grosmont Castle and Skenfrith Castle.</li> <li>X is equidistant from White Castle Castle and Skenfrith Castle.</li> </ul>				

[2]

Find the treasure by marking X on the map.

**6.** Yolanda and Emyr set up a gardening business together. They decide to calculate the charge for the time that they spend on a gardening job using the following method.

# Gardening by Yolanda and Emyr

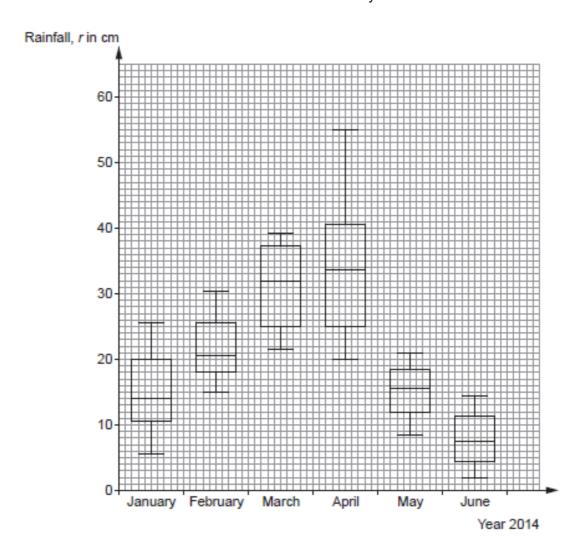


- START with a standard charge of £15
- ADD a fee of £10 for every **complete** hour worked
- ADD an additional fee of 20p for every additional minute worked
- MULTIPLY the total charge so far by 2
- EQUALS the final charge

(a)	Calculate the charge for a gardening job that takes $2\frac{1}{4}$ hours.		
		[2]	

<i>(b)</i> (i)	The fourth bullet point in calculating the charge reads:
	MULTIPLY the total charge so far by 2.
	Why do you think this is included in Emyr and Yolanda's method for calculating a charge for gardening? [1]
(ii)	Write a formula for working out the total charge, $\pounds T$ , for gardening that takes $h$ hours and $m$ minutes. [3]
(c)	Yolanda notices that there is a problem with the method for calculating the charge.
	They spent 2 hours gardening for Mr Rees, and they spent 1 hour 55 minutes gardening for Ms Elmander.
	Mr Rees paid less than Ms Elmander.
	Explain why this happens. [2]

7. The information shown below was found in a holiday brochure for a small island.



The information shows monthly data about the rainfall in centimetres.

(a)	Looking at the rainfall, which month had the most changeable we You must give a reason for your answer.	able weather?		
	Tod made give a readon for your anower.	[1]		

If you don't want much rain, the time to visit the island is in June.	TRUE	FALSE
The greatest difference in rainfall is between the months of February and March	TRUE	FALSE
The interquartile range for May is approximately equal to the interquartile range for June.	TRUE	FALSE
The range of rainfall in February was approximately 15 cm.	TRUE	FALSE
During June, there were more days with greater than 7.5 cm of rainfall than there were days with less than 7.5 cm of rainfall.	TRUE	FALSE

(c) In July 2014, the interquartile range for the rainfall was 10 cm and the range was 40 cm.	S
Is it possible to say whether July has more or less rainfall than June? You must give a reason for your answer.	
	1]

**8.** Two different European Political Parties are proposing changing the rules for income tax payments for the tax year April 2018 to April 2019.

Income Tax proposed by the Yellow Party

April 2018 to April 2019

taxable income = gross income - personal allowance

- personal allowance is €5000
- basic rate of tax 10% on the first €10 000 of taxable income
- middle rate of tax 25% is payable on all taxable income over €10 000 and up to €30 000
- higher rate tax 50% is payable on all taxable income over €30 000

Income Tax proposed by the **Orange Party** 

April 2018 to April 2019

taxable income = gross income - personal allowance

- personal allowance is €10 000
- basic rate of tax 20% on the first €20 000 of taxable income
- higher rate tax 40% is payable on all other taxable income

(a)	During the tax year 2018 to 2019, Janina's gross income is likely to be
	€55 000.

Which party's tax proposal would result in Janina paying the least tax, and by how much?

how much?	
You must show all your working	[7]

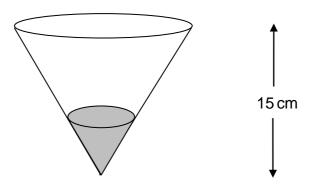
(b)	Samuli plays rugby for an international team.  He is likely to earn €200 000 during the tax year 2018 to 2019.  Without any calculations, explain why Samuli might favour the Orange Part proposal for income tax.	y's
	proposal for moonie tax.	[1]

<ol> <li>A team of examiners has 64 000 examination papers to mark.</li> <li>It takes each examiner 1 hour to mark approximately 10 papers.</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>(a) The chief examiner says that a team of 50 examiners could mark all 64 000 papers in 8 days.</li> <li>What assumption has the chief examiner made?</li> <li>You must show all your calculations to support your answer.</li> </ul>
[4]
(b) Why is the chief examiner's assumption unrealistic? What effect will this have on the number of days the marking will take? [2]

**10.** Greta has 50 empty jelly moulds which she plans to fill with layers of red and green jelly. Each jelly mould is shaped as an inverted hollow cone of height 15 cm and volume 540 cm<sup>3</sup>.

Greta begins by making 1 litre of red jelly. She then pours an equal amount into each of the 50 jelly moulds.

Calculate the height of the red jelly in each jelly mould. You must show all your working.



[6]

Diagram not drawn to scale

 • • •

**11.** (a) At the National Eisteddfod in August each year, a concert is performed on the opening night.

Of those performing this year:

- 39 are primary school children,
- 73 are secondary school children,
- 128 are adults.



In order to gather opinions from the performers about the backstage facilities, the organisers decide to question a stratified sample of 40 people.

Find how many secondary school children should be selected.

You must show all your working.	
	[3]
Number of secondary school children	

(b) Rhodri calculates that 7 primary school children should be selected. Rhodri selects the first 7 primary school children to get off the bus that bring them to the concert.						
	Explain why this does not represent a random sample of the primary school children.					
	[1]					
(c)	Of the 128 adult performers, 52 are male and 76 are female.  Gwen decides to interview a stratified sample of <b>16 adults</b> and has exactly 16 copies of the questionnaire ready for them.					
	Using these numbers, she calculates that she should interview 7 male performers and 10 female performers, making a total of <b>17 adults</b> .					
	Explain how this has happened. [2]					

## **12.** Anwen is designing an indoor play centre.

The cuboid *ABCDEFGH* represents a diagram of the room to be used for the play centre.

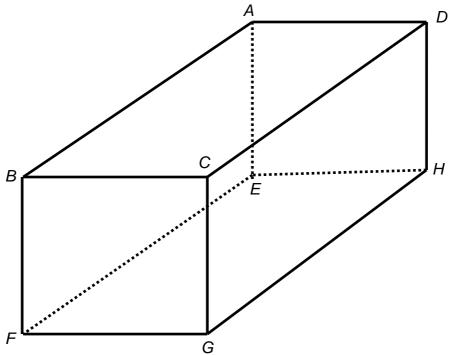


Diagram not drawn to scale

Anwen measures the vertical height of the room to be  $5 \, \text{m}$ . She measures the distance along the floor from E to F to be  $9 \, \text{m}$ . The distance from E to G is  $12 \, \text{m}$ .

Would it be possible to fit the slide into the room?

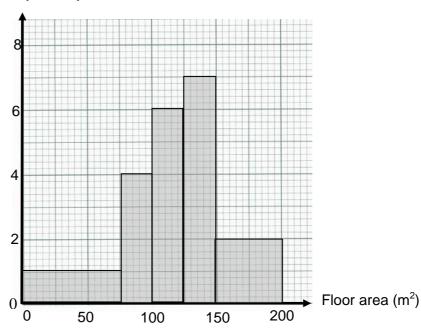
Anwen is thinking of purchasing a long straight slide for the play centre. The total length of the slide, including space to get on and off, is 12.5 m.

You must show all your working.

[4]

**13.** The histogram illustrates the floor areas of the offices available to let by *Office Space Wales* letting agency.

Frequency density



(a) Calculate the number of offices available that have a floor area greater than  $75\,\mathrm{m}^2$ .

[3]

There are definitely no offices available with less than 10 m² of space.  The modal class of office space is between 125 m² and 150 m².  The number of offices over 100 m² is double the number under 100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.	Wales receive in arrangement fees for these offices?		
There are definitely no offices available with less than 10 m² of space.  The modal class of office space is between 125 m² and 150 m².  The number of offices over 100 m² is double the number under 100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the  TRUE FALS			
There are definitely no offices available with less than 10 m² of space.  The modal class of office space is between 125 m² and 150 m².  The number of offices over 100 m² is double the number under 100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the  TRUE FALS			
There are definitely no offices available with less than 10 m² of space.  The modal class of office space is between 125 m² and 150 m².  The number of offices over 100 m² is double the number under 100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the  TRUE FALS			
There are definitely no offices available with less than 10 m² of space.  The modal class of office space is between 125 m² and 150 m².  The number of offices over 100 m² is double the number under 100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the  TRUE FALS			
There are definitely no offices available with less than 10 m² of space.  The modal class of office space is between 125 m² and 150 m².  The number of offices over 100 m² is double the number under 100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the  TRUE FALS			
There are definitely no offices available with less than 10 m² of space.  The modal class of office space is between 125 m² and 150 m².  The number of offices over 100 m² is double the number under 100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the  TRUE FALS			
There are definitely no offices available with less than 10 m² of space.  The modal class of office space is between 125 m² and 150 m².  The number of offices over 100 m² is double the number under 100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the  TRUE FALS			
There are definitely no offices available with less than 10 m² of space.  The modal class of office space is between 125 m² and 150 m².  The number of offices over 100 m² is double the number under 100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the  TRUE FALS			
space.  The modal class of office space is between 125 m² and 150 m².  TRUE FALS  The number of offices over 100 m² is double the number under 100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the TRUE FALS	(c) Circle either TRUE or FALSE for each of the following st	atements.	
The modal class of office space is between 125 m² and 150 m².  TRUE FALS  The number of offices over 100 m² is double the number under 100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the TRUE FALS	·	of TRUE	FALS
100 m².  There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the TRUE FALS	The modal class of office space is between 125 m <sup>2</sup> and 150 i	m². TRUE	FALS
There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to calculate an exact value for the mean office space.  The number of offices under 50 m² is definitely the same as the TRUE FALS		ler TRUE	FALS
The number of offices under 50 m <sup>2</sup> is definitely the same as the TRUE FALS	There is enough information in the histogram to allow us to	TRUE	FALS
	The number of offices under 50 m <sup>2</sup> is definitely the same as t	the TRUE	FALS
	(d) It is reported that the modian size of office space availab	lo to lot is 90 m	n <sup>2</sup>
(d) It is reported that the modian size of office space available to let is 90 m <sup>2</sup>	Is this true for the offices that are available to let by Office		
(d) It is reported that the median size of office space available to let is 80 m <sup>2</sup> . Is this true for the offices that are available to let by <i>Office Space Wales</i> ?			
	You must give a reason for your answer.		

14. Dafydd is an engineer working at the Welsh Science Research Centre. During an experiment, Dafydd knows that a certain chemical particle loses half of its mass every second. The initial mass of the particle is 80 grams.						
(a	) The mass of th	ne particle after	8 seconds is			
	0·15625 g	0-3125 g	0·625 g	5 g	10 g	[1]
(b <sub>j</sub>	the particle aft			ding the final r	mass, <i>f</i> grams, of	[3]
						· • • •
(C,	<ul><li>(c) Comment on the mass of the particle after a long time, such as a whole day, has passed.</li><li>[1]</li></ul>					
						•••
•••••						

**END OF PAPER**